



— WHAT TO EXPECT —

# FOLLOWING YOUR CRASH

Tips From An Experienced  
Accident Attorney In Louisiana

**GREGORY P. MARCEAUX**

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Accident Attorney In Louisiana

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# **DEDICATION**

This book is dedicated to the clients and families who I have represented throughout my career. Their courage and fortitude in times of adversity and injury have served as an inspiration. It has been my honor and privilege to represent and serve them. I look forward to continuing to passionately serve our community in the years to come.

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## **DISCLAIMER**

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# TESTIMONIALS

*“Where there is a will, there is a way. If you’re behind the wheel, he will pay.’ Kidding, not kidding. All jokes aside, honestly Greg Marceaux is a really, really, really great gentleman, personally, I must say. Especially handling my case, he made me feel comfortable in choosing him as my representative and also which direction I took in the decision making on my case. I couldn’t think of a better lawyer in the business. On a side note, their office candy is always fresh. Like always.”*

**– Donald A.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“Greg Marceaux represented me in my auto accident. He did a great job and my case settled for more money than I expected to receive. When I would go to his office to speak with him, his staff always made me feel welcome. Greg listened to my concerns about my case and answered all my questions. I cannot say enough good things about Greg Marceaux and his staff. I highly recommend him!”*

**– Anonymous**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“I got into a car accident and got hurt. Greg Marceaux told me that I would get a certain amount of money and it didn’t happen, he got me more. I am very satisfied with the Marceaux Law Firm. I would say that the Marceaux Law Firm is very good and they’re fast. They’ll help you any way they can. He has got wonderful staff. I love them all.”*

**– Anthony B.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*"The service of Marceaux Law Firm was very admirable. Greg Marceaux is quick, efficient, very thorough, and down to earth. When you step into the office, the atmosphere is friendly. Walking into the office is like stepping into someone else's house."*

**– Carl H.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*"I cannot say enough about this gentleman. Very helpful and patient. He and his staff answered every question I asked; even the silly ones, I cannot say enough. Mr. Marceaux, I would like to thank you and your staff for all you have done!!!"*

**– Timothy J.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*"Greg Marceaux and his staff are very professional and provide a great service. I highly recommend him, should you ever need an accident/injury attorney!"*

**– Kitana A.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*"Very professional and I love the way that they put their clients first. I highly recommend Marceaux Law Firm; very client orientated."*

**– Martell A.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*"Awesome staff and awesome lawyer. He will stand by you and fight for you. Great lawyer and very respectful. Can't go wrong with Mr. Greg and his staff behind you."*

**– Donna S.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“With the money I recovered, I was able to get the medical treatment I needed. At Marceaux Law Firm, they knew me by name and I felt at home with my lawyer.”*

**– Shawn C.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“I went to one attorney and she did not do anything and then I went to Greg Marceaux and he took care of it. Marceaux Law Firm is a great law firm and they are very legitimate.”*

**– Ivy G.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“He cannot be beaten. Very honest, professional, and experienced!! I highly recommend Marceaux Law Firm!!”*

**– Andrew B.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“If you want the best advice, this is the place to go! Whether it means that he makes money or not!”*

**– Tessa S.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“They treat you right and are just like family. You have a question they have the answer. Will use this law firm, if needed again in the future.”*

**– Angela E.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“Very professional and friendly. I would trust any case in their hands. Thanks, Marceaux Law Firm for everything.”*

**– Jose V.**

\*\*\*\*\*

*“Need a lawyer, he is the one to go to.”*

**– Renee G.**

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## ABOUT THE AUTHOR



Gregory P. Marceaux is the owner of Marceaux Law Firm and is from southwest Louisiana. He attended undergraduate school at McNeese State University and while at McNeese, he joined the Reserve Officer Training Corps. ("ROTC"). In 1988, he received a commission as a Second Lieutenant in the United States Army and served in the Louisiana National Guard, 256th Infantry Brigade.

After graduation from college, he attended Loyola Law School in New Orleans and received his law degree in 1992. After graduation from Loyola Law School, he went to work for an insurance defense firm

named Bergstedt & Mount in Lake Charles. In addition to his private practice at Bergstedt & Mount, he served in the United States Army Reserves, Judge Advocate General's Corps in New Orleans.

While working at Bergstedt & Mount, he represented insurance companies and large corporations. While representing insurance companies, he obtained first hand knowledge of insurance companies' inner workings, including how insurance companies evaluate and defend injury cases. With this behind the scenes understanding, he has insight and experience of how to best prosecute claims for personal injury clients to obtain maximum recovery for his clients.

After practicing insurance defense law, he decided to "jump the fence" and represent injured individuals. In 2002, he founded Marceaux Law Firm as a personal injury law firm that represents individuals in all types of automobile accident claims. Upon founding Marceaux Law Firm, Greg committed himself to handling his clients' cases personally. Unlike many other law firms, his client's case is never handed over to an associate.

Instead, he works directly with his clients, giving them the personal attention they desire and deserve.

Since founding Marceaux Law Firm, Greg has successfully settled hundreds of cases and successfully tried over 50 cases to judgment or verdict. He has successfully resolved numerous million and multi-million dollar personal injury cases. Greg represents plaintiffs in personal injury, wrongful death, and workers' compensation cases.



## *What Should Readers Take From This Book?*

This book was written to give the reader an overview of the process of handling an automobile accident claim and to answer questions that the reader may have following an automobile accident. This book contains many of the common questions that clients ask and answers to those questions. With this knowledge, injured individuals should have an understanding of the issues and be in a better position before meeting with a lawyer to represent them in their injury case. Knowledge is power and well-informed clients are in an ideal position to make decisions that are best for their case and to protect themselves and their families.

# CHAPTER 1

## WHAT SHOULD I DO AFTER AN ACCIDENT?



If you are involved in an automobile accident, you should first call 911. Most 911 call centers will be able to contact the police, the ambulance, and the fire department as needed. With this one 911 call, any emergency vehicles that are needed will be called out. If you are physically able, take photographs of the vehicles and the accident scene. You should keep the photographs until all aspects of your case are resolved.

## ***Should I Give A Statement To The Police After My Accident?***

In the typical automobile accident case, the police will be called to the scene and will conduct an investigation. The police will identify the drivers and passengers and take statements from both drivers and witnesses to the accident. Failure to cooperate with the police and give a statement would only leave the police with the other driver's version of the accident. Therefore, giving a statement to the police officer is the best practice.

## ***The Other Driver Didn't Stop At A Red Light And The Police Officer Did Not Issue A Ticket, Now What?***

The police officer who investigates the accident will attempt to determine the at-fault party to the accident. After the police officer determines who he believes is at fault for the accident, he will typically issue a traffic citation to that driver. Marceaux Law Firm has handled many cases, however, where the police officer failed to give a traffic citation to the at-fault driver. The officer may personally know the other driver or may

simply have felt sorry for the other driver, and failed to issue a ticket. Whether the police officer issues a ticket or not, it is not determinative of who is at fault for the accident. A court will conduct an independent assessment of the evidence presented at trial to determine the at-fault driver for any accident.

### ***Can I Select The Tow Company?***

Unless you tell the police officer who you want to use as a tow company, the police officer will select a tow company. In most locations, the tow companies are selected on a rotation basis. When the tow company is selected on a rotation basis, the police officer is not selecting any particular company. He is merely calling the next company on the rotation list. However, you do have the right to select the tow company of your choice to tow your vehicle.

### ***Should I Talk To The Insurance Adjuster Following My Accident?***

Following your auto accident, you may be contacted by an insurance adjuster. The insurance adjuster may simply need information regarding the

location of your vehicle and the damages to your vehicle. Marceaux Law Firm recommends that you speak with the insurance adjuster over the telephone after your accident. Giving information such as the location of your vehicle and the damage to your vehicle is necessary, so the vehicle can be assessed and repaired. The adjuster will usually ask you if you suffered injuries in the auto accident. We also recommend that you answer this question and give the adjuster a full assessment of the injuries you have suffered. If you fail to give a full assessment of the injuries suffered, do not be overly concerned. At this point in your case, the claim is merely getting established. Failure to give the adjuster information is certainly not overly detrimental to your case.

### ***Should I Give A Recorded Statement To The Adjuster Following My Accident?***

Marceaux Law Firm never recommends that its clients give a recorded statement to the adjuster following their accident, unless Greg Marceaux is with the client and the recorded statement takes place at his office. Marceaux Law Firm has been involved in many

cases in which a recorded statement is given on either the day of the accident or soon after the accident. In these recorded statements, the adjuster will ask leading questions and attempt to have the client or the injured party make admissions that are detrimental to their case. Unsuspecting individuals may simply agree with the statements made by the adjuster, not realizing that they are potentially admitting to facts that can harm their case. Usually, there is no need for the adjuster to obtain a recorded statement. The police report will list the information that was provided by the drivers in the automobile accident. Thus, the recorded statement by the adjuster serves no real purpose except to elicit detrimental statements from the driver.

## CHAPTER 2

# HOW DO AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT LAWSUITS WORK IN LOUISIANA?



### *What Is A Petition?*

A petition is a document drafted to file a lawsuit. The petition is made up of the caption of the case, the names and addresses of the parties sued, the factual allegations of the party filing the suit, and the relief sought. The factual allegations tell the story of the automobile accident and the damages or injuries suffered by the party filing the suit.

## ***Who Is The Plaintiff?***

The plaintiff is the person or party filing the lawsuit. In an automobile accident, the plaintiff is the party who was injured and is seeking money from the person or parties who caused the injuries.

## ***Who Is The Defendant?***

The defendant is the party or persons being sued. In an automobile accident, the defendants are the party the plaintiff contends caused the automobile accident and their insurance company. There may be multiple defendants in a lawsuit. If the plaintiff believes that multiple defendants are responsible for their automobile collision, then each defendant would need to be named and sued in the petition.

## ***Where Will My Automobile Lawsuit Be Filed?***

Your automobile lawsuit may be filed in either the parish where the automobile accident occurred or the parish where the defendant resides. Typically, automobile accident cases will be filed in the parish in which the automobile accident occurred. This is done because the citizens of that parish have an interest in

deciding who is at fault for the accident and whether any money is owed by the defendant. In rare instances, the lawsuit may be filed in the parish in which the plaintiff or injured party resides. While this is not the norm, in those instances in which the law allows, this can be a useful option.

### ***Can I Select the Judge for My Case?***

Cases are assigned to judges on a random basis. Neither the plaintiff nor the defendant is allowed to select the judge to which the case will be assigned. The clerk of the court is in charge of making the random assignment. Some of the smaller parishes only have one judge. In those parishes, the case will be assigned to that one judge. If you know the local judge, it does not necessarily mean that the judge will be recused from hearing your case. It is based upon the judge's discretion. If the judge is recused, the case will be randomly assigned to a new judge.

### ***What Does The Clerk Of Court Do?***

The clerk of court handles the paperwork on any lawsuit. When a lawsuit is filed with the clerk of

court, the clerk of court will randomly assign the lawsuit to a judge and transfer the petition to the civil sheriff's department for service on the defendants. A deputy sheriff will physically take the petition and make service on the defendants who are sued in the lawsuit. After the deputy sheriff makes service, he will fill out a form stating the date of service and the type of service made. He will return the form to the clerk of court's office and that form will be filed in the suit record, as maintained by the clerk of court. From that date forward, the clerk of court will maintain the official suit record. The suit record contains all the filings that are made in that suit.

### ***What Is A Jury Venire?***

A jury venire is a panel of prospective jurors from which a jury is selected. In Louisiana, each party is allowed to ask questions of the jury venire for the selection of the 12 jurors needed to decide a lawsuit.

### ***What Is An Opening Statement?***

An opening statement is an outline or summary of the nature of the case and anticipated proof the

parties intend to present in the course of the trial. The purpose of the opening statement is to advise a jury of the facts of the case and give a general picture of the facts so that the jury will be able to understand the evidence presented during the trial.

### ***Why Are Objections Made During A Trial?***

Lawyers will make objections to call the court's attention to improper evidence or procedure during the trial. After an objection is made, the lawyer is expected to inform the court as to the reason for the objection and the legal basis as to why the evidence should not be accepted at the trial. The court will then make a ruling on the objection as to whether the evidence will or will not be allowed.

### ***What Is The Verdict?***

The verdict is the formal decision or finding made by the jury at the end of the trial. The verdict is the definitive answer given by the jury to the court and their determination on the facts presented. In a verdict, the jury decides which side wins. This is called a general verdict. When a jury is asked to answer specific

questions, this is called a special verdict. In a special verdict, the jury will answer multiple questions to determine the facts in dispute and decide who should win the case.

## CHAPTER 3

# INSURANCE COVERAGE



### *What Is Liability Insurance?*

Under Louisiana law, liability insurance is the only insurance the owner of a vehicle must purchase. Liability coverage pays for property damage or personal injury for which the driver of the at-fault vehicle may be responsible, up to the policy's dollar limits. Liability insurance covers others driving the owner's vehicle with the owner's permission. Liability insurance will also cover the owner of the policy when driving another person's automobile, including when renting private passenger vehicles.

In Louisiana, each vehicle is required to have, at a minimum, 15/30/25 limits. Those limits provide coverage of up to \$15,000 for bodily injury to one person, \$30,000 for bodily injuries to more than one person, and \$25,000 for property damage to another's vehicle or property.

### ***What Is Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist Coverage?***

Uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage, commonly known as UM insurance, pays insurance benefits to you if your car is hit by a driver who has no insurance or has too little insurance to pay for the full amount for your injuries. If you elect to purchase UM insurance, you will be asked to select the limits for UM insurance. Minimum liability insurance for UM insurance coverage is \$15,000 for one person and \$30,000 for two or more persons involved in the same accident. You may purchase coverage beyond the minimum limits.

## ***What Is Uninsured Or Underinsured Motorist Property Damage Coverage?***

Uninsured and underinsured motorist property damage coverage provides insurance proceeds to repair your vehicle if you are in an accident with an uninsured driver or underinsured driver.

## ***What Is Medical Payments Coverage?***

Medical payments coverage, also known as MedPay, pays for medical expenses following an automobile accident, up to the policy's dollar limits. MedPay will provide coverage regardless of who is at fault for the accident. It covers you, your family members, and other passengers in the vehicle. MedPay is similar to health insurance coverage, except it will cover you and others riding in your vehicle who are injured and require medical care.

## ***What Is Collision Coverage?***

Collision coverage pays for damages to your vehicle that result from an accident. You can collect under your collision coverage whether or not you were at fault. Collision coverage is sold with a deductible.

## ***What Is Comprehensive Insurance Coverage?***

Comprehensive coverage pays for damages to your vehicle for such things as falling objects, fire, explosion, vandalism, or theft. It will typically cover damage to your vehicle, other than those caused by a collision with another vehicle. Comprehensive coverage is sold with a deductible.

## ***What Is A Deductible?***

A deductible is your share of the cost for damages under comprehensive or collision coverage. Typically, a deductible is \$250 or \$500. You will be responsible, out of your own pocket, for any amounts due under a deductible.

## CHAPTER 4

# WHAT ABOUT MY VEHICLE?



### *Can I Select A Repair Shop?*

You are entitled to your own damage assessment and choice of a repair shop. The insurance company cannot require you to have your car repaired at a repair shop that has been selected by the insurance company. Sometimes, insurance adjusters will tell you that you must use the repair body shop that they select, but this is simply not correct.

## *How To Determine If My Vehicle Is Totaled?*

Whether your vehicle is totaled is determined by the estimated cost to repair your vehicle. If the estimated cost to repair your vehicle exceeds 75% of the total value of your vehicle, then the vehicle is considered a total loss. For example, if the Blue Book value of your vehicle is \$10,000 and the cost to repair the vehicle is \$6,000, then that vehicle is not considered a total loss, as the cost to repair is less than 75% of the value of the vehicle. However, if the cost to repair the vehicle is \$7,500 or more, the vehicle is considered a total loss, as the cost to repair the vehicle exceeds 75% of the value of the vehicle.

If your vehicle is considered a total loss, the insurance carrier is required to pay you the fair market value of your vehicle, plus pay you the sales tax on the vehicle. For example, if the fair market value of the totaled vehicle is \$10,000, the insurance company must pay \$10,000 plus the sales tax on \$10,000.

## ***When Does The Insurance Company Pay For The Property Damage To My Vehicle?***

The insurance company must initiate a loss adjustment of your vehicle within 14 days of notice and make a written offer to pay for the property damages within 30 days of notice. If the property damage offer is acceptable to you, then the insurance company will issue payment. If the property damage is not acceptable, you should contact the insurance company and explain why the offer made is insufficient. If the insurance company does not increase the amount offered for the property damage, then you have the choice of either accepting the offer or filing suit for additional money.

## ***What Happens If The Insurance Company Refuses To Pay For My Property Damage?***

You may find that the insurance company will refuse to pay for property damage, or pay the full cost of the damage to your vehicle, if the insurance company believes that its insured driver was not at fault for the accident. If this occurs, you have two possible recourses. First, you may have insurance coverage for damages to

your vehicle through your insurance policy. If you purchase collision insurance through your insurance policy on your vehicle, the collision coverage will provide insurance coverage to repair your damaged vehicle. If you make a claim on your own insurance company, you will be responsible for the deductible. If your insurance company pays for the property damage, it has a legal right to pursue the other insurance company to recover the amount that is paid for your property damage.

Your second option is to file a lawsuit against the insurance company for the property damage. When Marceaux Law Firm is representing a client in a personal injury case from an automobile accident, we will also represent the client on their property damage claim, if necessary, at no additional charge.

### ***Am I Entitled To A Rental If My Vehicle Is Undrivable?***

If your vehicle is undrivable, the insurance company must either pay you for the loss of use of your vehicle or provide you with a rental. The rental provided must be of like-kind to the undrivable

vehicle. For example, if the undrivable vehicle is a mid-sized vehicle, then the insurance company must authorize for your use a mid-sized vehicle. Typically, the insurance company will authorize a rental through a local car rental service.

### ***What Happens If The Insurance Company Refuses To Pay For My Rental?***

Under Louisiana law, you are entitled to loss of use damages, if your vehicle is damaged and is undrivable. To satisfy the loss of use obligation, the insurance company will usually provide you with a rental at no charge. If the insurance company refuses to provide you with a rental or pay loss of use damages, you have the right to file a lawsuit to recover the loss of use damages for your damaged vehicle. When Marceaux Law Firm is representing a client in a personal injury case from an automobile accident, we will also represent the client on their loss of use claim, if necessary, at no additional charge.

## CHAPTER 5

# HOW MUCH MONEY SHOULD I EXPECT FOR MY INJURY?



Louisiana law allows an injured party to recover all of the damages that they have suffered as a result of an automobile accident. Damages are divided into general damages and special damages. Special damages include lost wages, including future lost wages, medical bills, including future medical bills, and property damage. Special damages can typically be calculated to determine the past amount of medical bills and lost wages and the future amount of medical bills and lost wages.

In addition to special damages, a party can also recover general damages. General damages include elements for pain and suffering, mental anguish, inconvenience, loss of enjoyment of life, disability, and scarring. The amount of money you can recover for these damages will depend on the severity of your injuries. As a general rule, no taxes are owed on either a settlement or a verdict rendered by a jury. The only exception may be taxes owed on lost wages.

### ***Misconceptions About The Recovery Process***

Some people believe that insurance companies are there to help. While some insurance adjusters may try to help, insurance companies are in business to make money. To maximize their profits, insurance companies work to ensure that they are taking in insurance premiums and not paying or paying as little as possible on insurance claims.

When evaluating a claim for payment, insurance companies will "price" a case to determine what the insurance company believes to be the case's "settlement value." Pricing is a system put in place by

the insurance companies where claim adjusters and defense lawyers will first evaluate a case to determine what the adjuster believes is the case value. During this process, the insurance company may assert that you are exaggerating your injuries or that the medical treatment was not necessary. The insurance company may also say that you were partially at fault and it should only pay a portion of the claim. Through these tactics, the insurance company may work to “lowball” you on a settlement offer.

### ***How To Counter the Insurance Company's Tactics of Paying Too Little on My Claim?***

The best tactic to counter the insurance company's agenda to minimize your recovery in your injury case is to hire an experienced personal injury lawyer. When the right lawyer is hired, the lawyer can guide your case and work to maximize your recovery whether through a settlement or a judgment.

## CHAPTER 6

# DO I NEED A LAWYER FOR MY AUTO ACCIDENT CASE?



You may not need a lawyer for your auto accident case. If you have property damage that the insurance company will not pay, you do have the right to file a suit in small claims court to recover for property damage. Small claims courts are typically found in city courts and are designed to handle smaller cases. Also, if you suffered minor injuries in an auto accident, the insurance company will often offer to pay you some money for those injuries. If you believe the

settlement money offered is sufficient to compensate you for your injuries, then you may decide to accept the money and not hire a lawyer to represent you.

### ***How Will I Pay The Lawyer?***

If your injuries are more serious or your case becomes more complicated, then you will probably want to seek legal counsel. Most personal injury lawyers will not charge for the initial consultation. Personal injury lawyers usually represent injured parties on a contingency fee contract. Under a contingency fee contract, the lawyer will charge a percentage of the recovery for the attorney's fees.

Marceaux Law Firm represents its clients in automobile cases on a contingency fee basis and there is no charge for the initial consultation on injury claims. At the initial consultation, Greg Marceaux will meet with you and give you an assessment of whether he believes he can help you in your case.

### ***How Do I Select The Best Lawyer For My Case?***

Finding the lawyer who is right for you and your case can feel challenging, but it does not need to

be that way. The internet is a great tool that will give you a vast amount of information on just about any subject for which you are searching. While we all know that we must view what we find on the internet with a healthy amount of suspicion, it is the best tool available for quickly finding relevant information.

Hiring a lawyer based upon TV commercials is typically the worst way of picking a lawyer for your case. When looking for the lawyer who is best for you and your case, Marceaux Law Firm suggests that you research the lawyers in your area who regularly handle auto accident cases with success. When conducting this research, ask yourself how many years the lawyer has been in practice? Does this lawyer regularly appear in the courts in your area? Has the lawyer successfully tried automobile cases to judgment? What do this lawyer's clients say about him or her? Does he or she live and work in the area in which your case will be tried? Does this lawyer understand how the insurance company will defend your case? Generally, hiring a lawyer from outside of your area is a poor decision.

Once you have conducted your internet research, Marceaux Law Firm suggests that you schedule an appointment to personally meet with the lawyer you are considering hiring for your case. When you meet with the lawyer, make a mental assessment of whether the lawyer is the right fit for you. In making this assessment, consider whether you want a lawyer who will personally handle your case from start to finish or would you rather deal with a large law firm of many lawyers. Do you want a lawyer who has first-hand knowledge of the workings of the insurance industry, or do you want to give a new lawyer a chance to learn the ropes on your case? Is this attorney knowledgeable about the subjects on which you need a lawyer?

## CHAPTER 7

# WILL MARCEAUX LAW FIRM TAKE MY CASE?



I am often asked by potential clients, following their automobile accidents, whether I will take their case. I will give the same answer in this book as I do to those potential clients: "I don't know, but it will cost you nothing to find out." If you have been injured in an automobile accident and are unsure whether you want to hire a lawyer or need a lawyer for your case, I suggest that you contact Marceaux Law Firm for a free case evaluation.

In this case evaluation, you will personally meet with Greg Marceaux. After the case evaluation, Greg will give you an assessment of your case, answer any questions that you may have about your case, and inform you whether he will take your case.

If Greg Marceaux does not accept your case, the case evaluation will cost you nothing. If he decides to take your case, he will handle your case on a contingency fee contract. Under the typical contingency fee contract, Greg will charge a percentage of the total amount recovered in your automobile claim. If he is unable to recover any money for you, however, there will be no charge to you for his legal services.

For example, if it is determined that the driver who caused the accident does not have insurance coverage and does not have any assets to pay a judgment, there will be no charges, as there was no recovery. If the driver goes bankrupt, there may not be a recovery. In these types of situations, there will be no attorney's fees charged, as there is no recovery. Marceaux Law Firm will only get paid if we recover money in your case.

If you are interested in scheduling an appointment for a free case assessment with Greg Marceaux, contact Marceaux Law Firm.

**Marceaux Law Firm, LLC.**

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# NOTES



# WHAT TO EXPECT FOLLOWING YOUR CRASH

Tips From An Experienced Accident Attorney In Louisiana



## Gregory P. Marceaux

Gregory P. Marceaux is the owner of Marceaux Law Firm and is from southwest Louisiana. He attended undergrad at McNeese State University and while at McNeese, he joined the Reserve Officer Training Corps. ("ROTC"). In 1988, he received a commission as a Second Lieutenant in the United States Army and served in the Louisiana National Guard, 256th Infantry Brigade.

After graduation from college, he attended Loyola Law School in New Orleans and received his law degree in 1992. After graduation from Loyola Law School, he went to work

for an insurance defense firm named Bergstedt & Mount in Lake Charles. In addition to his private practice at Bergstedt & Mount, he served in the United States Army Reserves, Judge Advocate Corps in New Orleans.

While working at Bergstedt & Mount, he represented insurance companies and large corporations. While representing insurance companies, he obtained first hand knowledge of insurance companies inner workings, including how insurance companies evaluate and defend injury cases. With this behind the scenes understanding, he has insight and experience of how to best prosecute claims for personal injury clients to obtain maximum recovery for his clients.

After practicing insurance defense law, he decided to "jump the fence" and represent injured individuals. In 2002, he founded Marceaux Law Firm as a personal injury law firm that represents individuals in all types of automobile accident claims. Upon founding Marceaux Law Firm, Greg committed himself to handling his clients' cases personally. Unlike many other law firms, his client's case is never handed over to an associate. Instead, he will work directly with his clients, giving them the personal attention they desire and deserve.

Since founding Marceaux Law Firm, Greg has successfully settled hundreds of cases and successfully tried over 50 cases to judgment or verdict. He has successfully resolved numerous million and multi-million dollar personal injury cases. Greg represents plaintiffs in personal injury, wrongful death, and workers' compensation cases.

*"Greg Marceaux represented me in my auto accident. He did a great job and my case settled for more money than I expected to receive. When I would go to his office to speak with him, his staff always made me feel welcome. Greg listened to my concerns about my case and answered all my questions. I cannot say enough good things about Greg Marceaux and his staff. I highly recommend!"*

– Anonymous

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